On February 17, 2022, Abbott issued a voluntary recall of powder formulas, including Similac, Alimentum and Elecare manufactured in Sturgis, Mich. with an expiration date of April 1, 2022. The recall was initiated after four consumer complaints related to Cronobacter sakazakii or Salmonella Newport in infants who had consumed powder infant formula manufactured in this facility.

The products under recall have a multidigit number on the bottom of the container starting with the first two digits 22 through 37, contains K8, SH, or Z2 and with an expiration date of April 1, 2022 or after.

The Wyoming Department of Agriculture (WDA) has contacted retailers across the state to remove the products from their shelves and has been actively tracking products from this recall.

“The WDA has recently determined that the recalled formula products were sold in Wyoming and could have been purchased by residents of our state,” said Justin Latham, Manager of the WDA Consumer Health Services Division. “If you did purchase the recalled product and still have it, do not feed it to your child and get in contact with the manufacturer to determine next steps.”

To find out if the product you have is included in this recall, visit similacrecall.com and type in the code on the bottom of the package, or call 1-800-986-8540 (U.S.) and follow the instructions provided. No action is needed for previously consumed product.

*Cronobacter* bacteria can cause severe, life-threatening infections (sepsis) or meningitis (an inflammation of the membranes that protect the brain and spine). Symptoms of sepsis and meningitis may include poor feeding, irritability, temperature changes, jaundice (yellow skin and whites of the eyes), grunting breaths, and abnormal movements. *Cronobacter* infection may also cause bowel damage and may spread through the blood to other parts of the body.

If your child is experiencing any of these symptoms, you should notify your child’s healthcare provider and seek medical care for your child immediately.
The FDA, along with the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and state and local partners, continue to investigate this case and suggests consumers avoid purchasing and using certain powdered infant formula products produced at this facility.

If consumer have any question they can visit:
https://www.fda.gov/consumers/infant-formula-recall-what-know